



Project: Smart Rehabilitation 3.0

Innovating professional skills for existing building sector

DATABASE 1_Technological innovations for rehabilitation (IO3)

This database organize the technological innovations by referring to different building parts/construction systems, according to the following structure:

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1. FOUNDATIONS, UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES AND SOIL

- ✓ Continuous and discontinuous load-bearing masonry foundations
- ✓ Improvement of the quality of the soil

2. VERTICAL STRUCTURES

- ✓ 2.1 Continuous masonry structures (Bearing walls) or wooden continuous structures (*Blockbau* system,)
- ✓
- 2.2 Discontinuous structures. Structural frames (wood, concrete, steel, ...)
 2.2.1. Pillars
 2.2.2. Beams
 - 2.2.2. Beams
- \checkmark 2.3 Masonry construction elements inserted inside vertical bearing structures

2.3.1 Arches, lintels

2.3.2 Structural surrounding of openings, elements of confinement of masonry empty spaces for openings

2.3.4 Supporting and reinforcement elements: reinforced concrete ring beams, wooden or metal tie rods, bracing systems, diagonal beams and struts, ...

2.3.5 Seismic prevention systems and others safety measures

3. HORIZONTAL STRUCTURES and VERTICAL CONNECTIONS

✓ 3.1 Floors, loggias and trampling of porticos or covered walk-ways, ...

✓ 3.2 Vaults and domes











✓ 3.3 Stairs

4. ROOF AND TERRACES WATERPROOFING

- ✓ 4.1 Roofs waterproofing
- ✓ 4.2 Horizontal/Flat roofs and terraces waterproofing

5. FAÇADE and BUILDING ENVELOPE

✓ 5.1 Different types of façades

✓ 5.2 Protruding construction elements

- 5.2.1 Cornices5.2.2 Loggias and balconies5.2.3 Gargoyles, eaves and rain descendants5.2.4 Others
- ✓ 5.3 Wall coverings (plasters, stuccos...)
- ✓ 5.4 Other decorative elements

6. FINISHES AND COMPLETION ELEMENTS

- ✓ 6.1 Different types of wall and floors intrados coverings
- ✓ 6.2 Indoor or outdoor paving
- ✓ 6.3 Decorative elements (glass. iron and cast iron, *majolica* tiles, mosaic,)
- ✓ 6.4 Joineries, doors and windows
- ✓ 6.5 Ceilings and partition walls
- ✓ 6.6 Others

7 INTEGRATE SERVICES (MPE)

- ✓ 7.1 Water, sewerage and drainage systems
- ✓ 7.2 Electricity and gas systems













- ✓ 7.3 Heating and cooling systems
- ✓ 7.4 Elevators
- ✓ 7.5 Other systems

8. GENERAL STRATEGIES FOR BUILDING RECOVERY

✓ 8.1 - Habitability and Comfort

- 8.1.1 Comfort standards
- 8.1.2 Ventilation
- 8.1.3 Lighting
- 8.1.4 Protection against noise
- 8.1.5 Protection against fire
- 8.1.6 Accessibility (Design for all)

✓ 8.2 Energy efficiency strategies

- 8.2.1 Passive elements
- 8.2.2 Building envelope insulation
- 8.2.3 Active elements
- 8.2.4 Integration of renewable energies

✓ 8.3 Dampness, moisture and humidity

- 8.3.1 Rising damp (capillarity)
- 8.3.2 Condensation
- 8.3.3 Water infiltrations and absorption problems
- 8.3.4 Others







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Use of new and innovative materials and techniques associated to the original ones:

- \checkmark Use of a new technique associated to ancient way to build can be repurposed;
- \checkmark Technical innovation in the way to do a construction rehabilitation building work/making;
- \checkmark Innovation in the technical aspect, related to the maintenance of a material or of an existing technique,
- Reversibility of the innovative technology applied;
- ✓ Compatibility of the innovative techniques with original materials and construction systems;
- ✓ Improvement of initial performance (technological, structural, sustainable envelopes, energy efficiency, elements for capturing natural light, ...);
- ✓ Experimentation of new materials and construction techniques for rehabilitation (nanotechnologies, innovative materials, green geo-polymeric concretes, ecofriendly materials, control of thermal flows, biomaterials, ...);
- ✓ Adoption of innovative intervention systems/techniques relating to construction site, scaffolding, shoring systems and safety measures, consolidation, ...
- \checkmark Computer model and simulation of traditional passive cooling ventilation systems;
- ✓ others





